

Let's talk beef cows; What's driving maternal performance?

Stephen Miller, AgResearch – Invermay



Browse V Sell V My Trade Me V

Search in farming v



Back to search results

Trade Me Jobs > Agriculture, fishing & forestry > Farming

Head Shepherd

Company Clayton Station LTD Listed

Wed 11 May, 11:28 am

Location

Mackenzie, Canterbury

Type

Full time, Permanent

Clayton Station is 20000 su property running Sheep, Deer, Cattle. We are looking for a Head shepherd to join our team. Will be working with all classes of stock ,plus some tractor work (feeding out etc) We are looking for a motivated honest person that can work in a team and alone. Must have 3 - 4 broken in dogs. Accommodation provided

Applicants for this position should have NZ residency or a valid NZ work visa.



BEEF COW EFFICIENCY- REVISITED

T. G. Jenkins and C. L. Ferrell

Roman L. Hruska U.S. Meat Animal Research Center, ARS, USDA, Clay Center, Nebraska 68933-0166

Introduction

It is comforting to address an issue with a historical signature, e.g., information addressing efficiency being presented by Armsby and Fries (1911). They observed that "type" of an animal affected the ability of that animal to convert feed to weight. Kleiber (1936) identified potential approaches that might affect the efficiency of food utilization by animals. At the symposium sponsored by the British Society of Animal Production with the topic of the relationship between size and efficiency, Robertson (1973) concluded that efficiency must be considered in terms of the function of the producing units. Dickerson (1978) aggregated components of the production cycle to



- Gregory, K. E., L. V. Cundiff, R. M. Koch, M. E. Dikeman, and M. Koohmaraie, 1994b. Breed effects, retained heterosis, and estimates of genetic and phenotypic parameters for carcass and meat traits of beef cattle. J. Anim. Sci. 72:1174.
- Jenkins, T. G., and C. L. Ferrell. 1994. Productivity through weaning of nine breeds of cattle under varying feed availabilities. I. Initial estimates. J. Anim. Sci. 72:278
- Jenkins, T. G., and C. L. Ferrell. 1992. Lactation characteristics of nine breeds of cat fed varying quantities of dietary energy. J. Anim. Sci. 70:1652.
- Jenkins, T. G., C. L. Ferrell, and L. V. Cundiff. 1991. Differences among breed crossof cattle in conversion of food energy to calf weight during the preweaning interval. J. Anim. Sci. 69:2762.
- Jenkins, T. G., M. Kaps, L. V. Cundiff, and C. L. Ferrell. 1991. Evaluation of betweenand within-breed variation in measures of weight-age relationships. J. Anim. Sci. 69:3118.
- Jenkins, T. G., J. A. Nienaber, and C. L. Ferrell. 1990. Heat production in mature Hereford and Simmental cows. In: C. Wenk, and M. Boessinger (Ed.) Proc. 12th Symp. Energy Metab. Farm Anim. Kartause Ittingen, Switzerland. EAAP 58:296.
- Kleiber, M. 1936. Problems involved in breeding for efficiency of food utilization. Page 236 in Proc. Amer. Soc. Anim. Prod.
- Kleiber, M. 1961. The Fire of Life. John Wiley and Sons, New York and London.
- Koch, R. M., L. A. Swiger, D. Chambers and K. E. Gregory. 1963. Efficiency of feed us in cattle. J. Anim. Sci. 22:486.
- Montaño-Bermudez, M., M. K. Nielsen, and G. H. Deutscher. 1990. Energy requirements for maintenance of crossbred beef cattle with different genetic potential for milk. J. Anim. Sci. 68:2289.
- Morris, C. A., R. L. Baker, S. M. Hickey, D. L. Johnson, N. G. Cullen, and J. A. Wilson. 1993. Evidence of genotype by environment interaction for reproductive and maternal traits in beef cattle. Anim. Prod. 56:69.
- Nelville, W. E. 1974. Comparison of energy requirements of non-lactating and

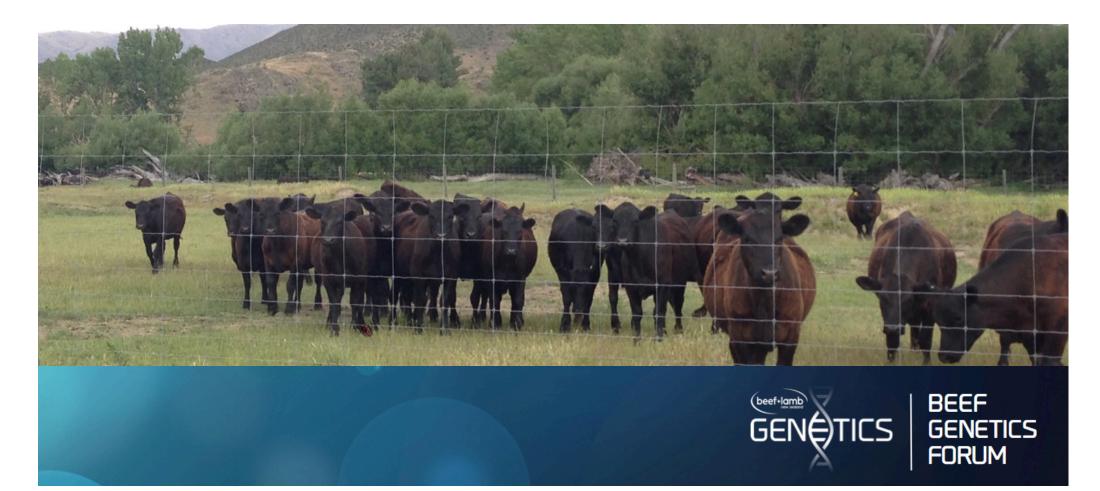
Much has been done – late last century



What type of cow is best?

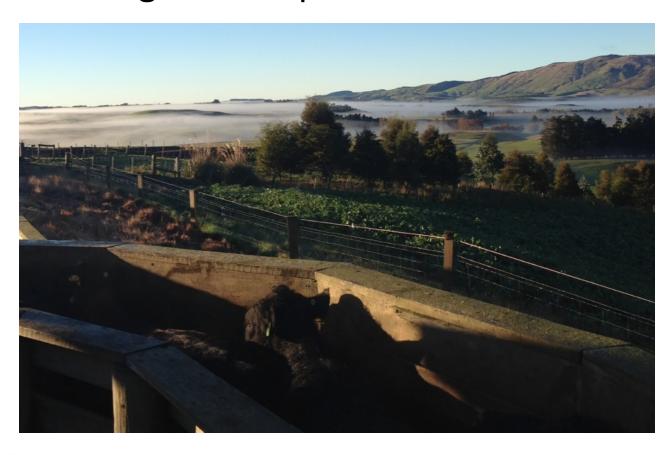
Big vs Small?

More or Less Milk?



What type of cow is best?

At the more restricted levels of dry matter intake, there was a tendency for those breeds exhibiting greater appetite potential at the ad libitum levels to exhibit greater reproductive success.





What type of cow is best?

Maximum efficiencies within breeds occurred at intake levels that **did not limit reproduction** of the cows, and provided sufficient energy for milk yields to meet the growth potential of the breed as expressed in the calf.

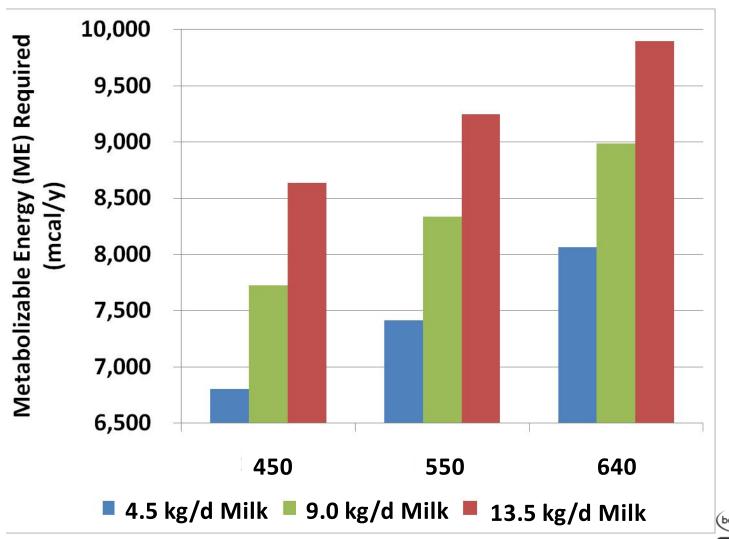


IT ALL TURNS TO ...





Effect of Mature Weight and Milk Potential on ME Req'd

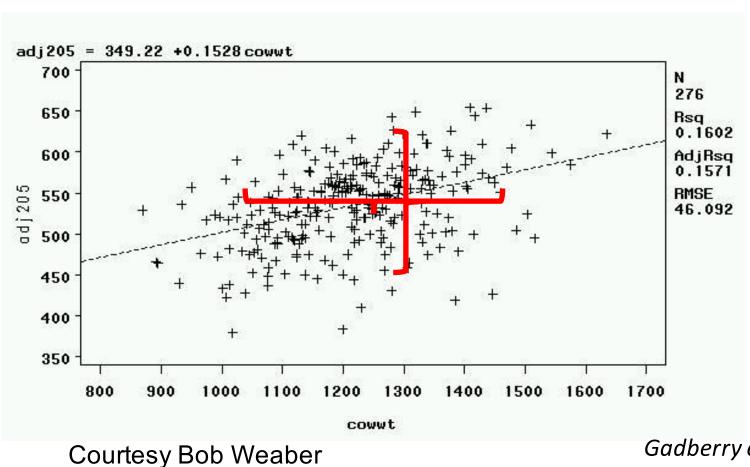


That's
29%
more
feed for
the big
cow



BEEF GENETICS FORUM

Relationship Between Cow Wt. and Adj. 205d Calf Wt.- ARK









Browse V Sell V My Trade Me V

Search

in farming ~



Back to search results

Trade Me Jobs > Agriculture, fishing & forestry > Farming

Beef Cow

Company Location

Your Station LTD

Struggler's Gully

Listed

Wed 11 May, 11:28 am

Type

Full time, Permanent







Browse V Sell V My Trade Me V

Search in farming ~

Back to search results

Trade Me Jobs > Agriculture, fishing & forestry > Farming

Beef Cow

Company Location

Your Station LTD

Struggler's Gully

Listed

Wed 11 May, 11:28 am

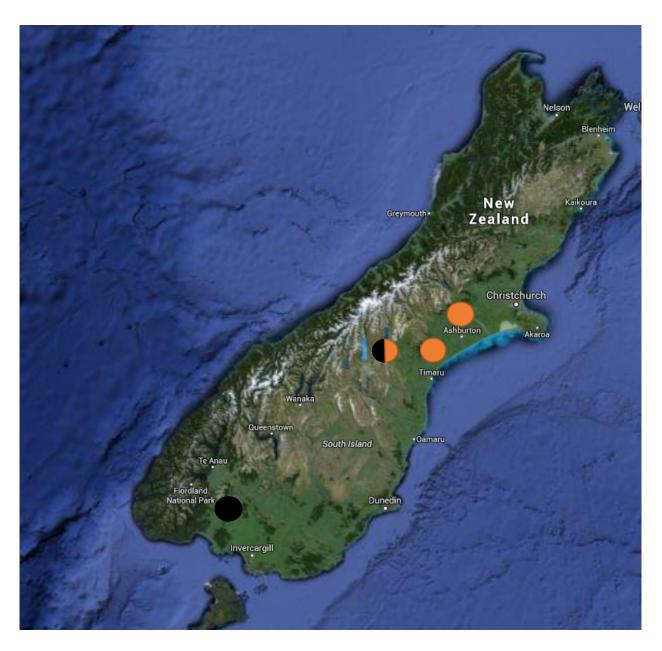
Type Full time, Permanent

Your Station LTD is a 10,000 SU property running sheep and cattle. We are looking for mother cows to join our herd. We are looking for cows that will cover the ruggedest country and clean up the roughest feed. Applicants must work well within the herd, or when calving alone and MUST calve every year. Cows who's calves meet customer specifications preferred.

No Accommodation will be provided.



What are we up to?



2014-2018

Goal 10,000 cows BCS and Weight

Stud and Commercial

Angus and Hereford

DNA



The team





350 Hereford – 150 Angus





800 Stud – 2,100 Commercial





Home Orari Gorge Herefords

Orari Gorge Romneys

50th Annual Bull Sale

Contact Us



200 Hereford Stud



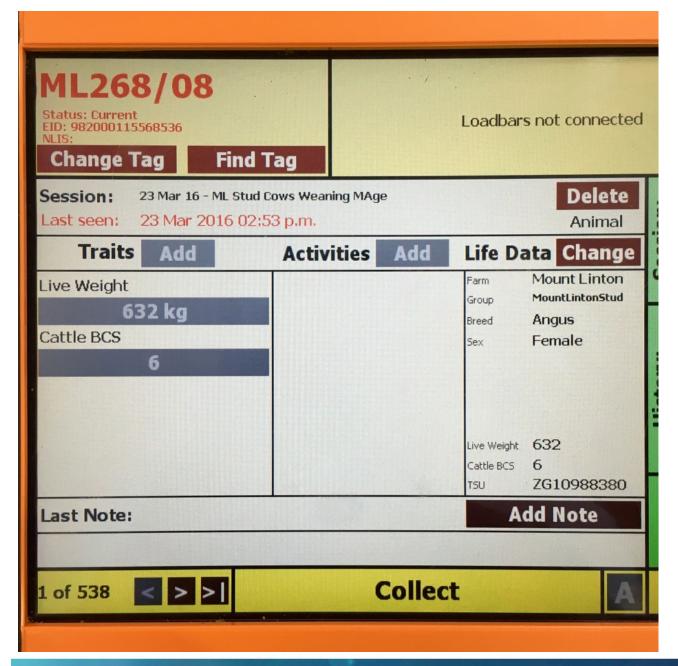
BEEF GENETICS FORUM

Longspur – Innes Family



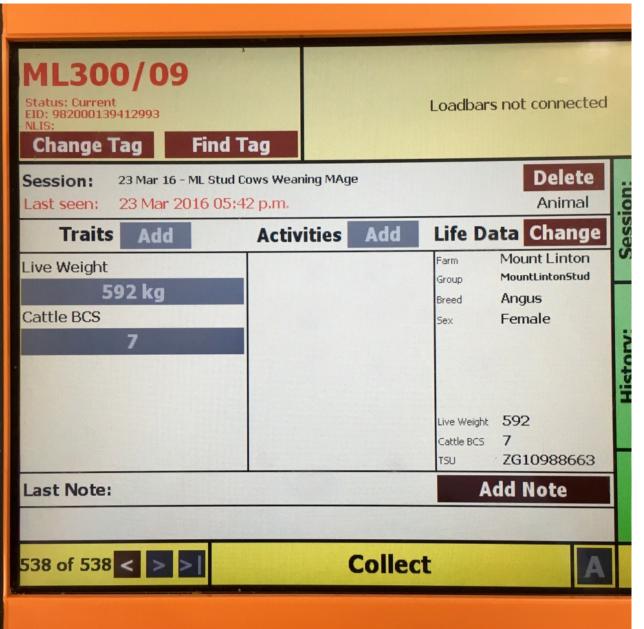
200 Commercial Hereford





How long does it take to score, weigh and record a cow?



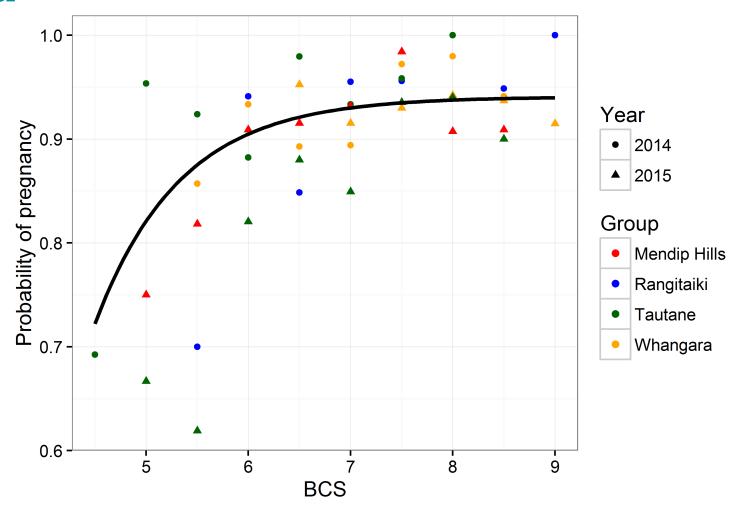


538 Cows 2:49

That's 19 seconds per cow



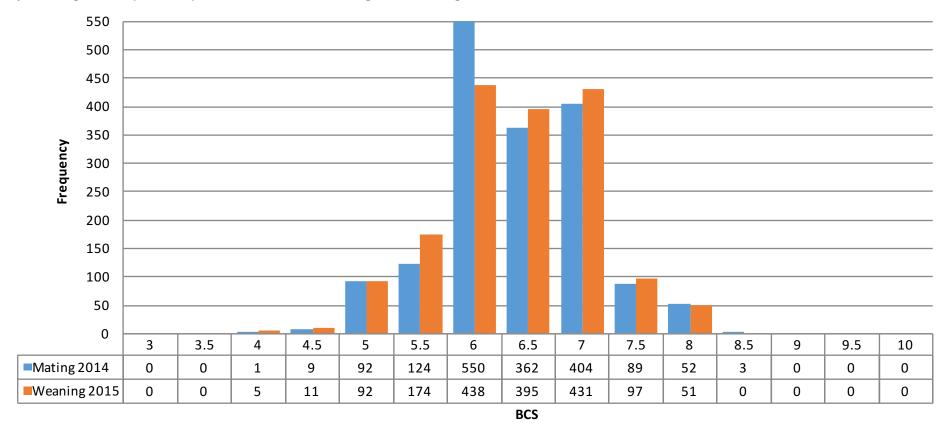
Lower BCS cows less likely to re-breed





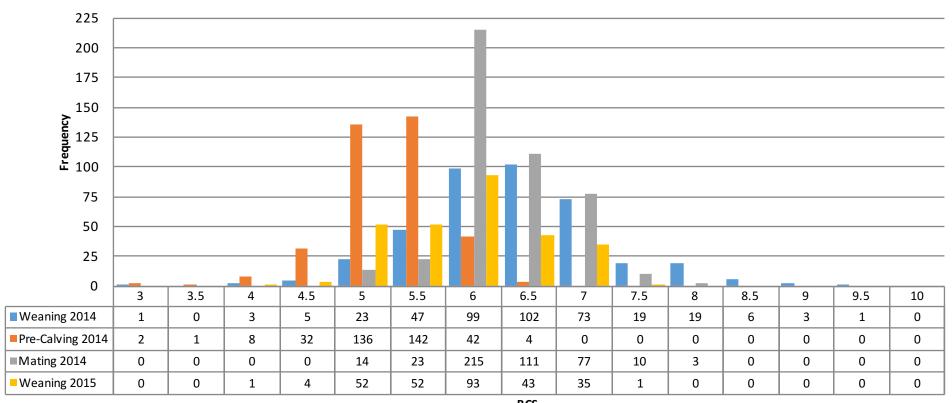
Range in Commercial Condition Scores

Graph 2. Angus Cow (2+ Years) BCS Distribution at Mating and Weaning



The dynamic cow – changing BCS with feed supply

Graph 3. Hereford Cow BCS Distribution at Weaning, Pre-Calving and Mating



BCS



Genetic Analyses of Haldon Herefords

- Weight and BCS 7 times since Weaning 2014
- Maiden Heifers weaning 2014 and mating 2015 and 2016
- Estimation of heritability and repeatability
- Cows rearing a single calf to weaning included (x90 records)



Neil Cullen - Ruakura







Heritability and Repeatability

A COLUMN	Time	N (var)	BCS	Live weight
	Pre-calving	632 (0.28)	0.20 ± 0.09	0.40 ± 0.12
			0.34 ± 0.06	0.75 ± 0.03
40	Mating	850 (0.19)	0.20 ± 0.10	0.25 ± 0.11
			0.30 ± 0.07	0.71 ± 0.03
44	Weaning	954 (0.48)	0.27 ± 0.10	0.43 ± 0.12
			0.46 ± 0.04	0.79 ± 0.02

More variation and higher heritability at weaning



BCS - Genetic (below) and Phenotypic (above) Correlations Across time

BCS	Pre-calving	Mating	Weaning
Pre-calving		0.33 ± 0.04	0.42 ± 0.04
Mating	1.00 ± 0.14		0.69 ± 0.02
Weaning	0.96 ± 0.09	0.95 ± 0.06	

Genetic
Correlations
almost 1
between time
points



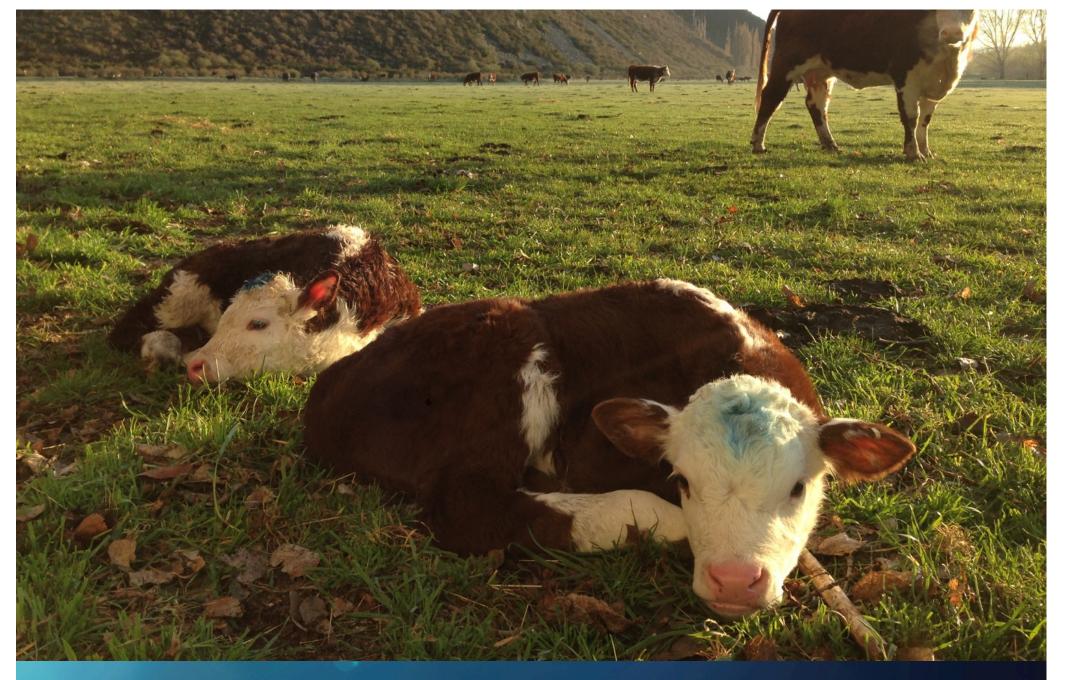


Weight - Genetic (below) and Phenotypic (above) Correlations Across time

Weight	Pre-calving	Mating	Weaning
Pre-calving		0.71 ± 0.02	0.68 ± 0.03
Mating	0.94 ± 0.05		0.83 ± 0.01
Weaning	0.88 ± 0.07	0.97 ± 0.02	

Genetic
Correlations
almost 1
between time
points







Conclusions (so far)

- Body condition score is moderately heritable (0.25 all measures)
- Appears more heritable at weaning (more variation)
- Genetic correlation between times is very high, indicating weaning may be best time to measure

Thank you.

